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## CRIMINOLOGY AND FORENSIC SCIENCE - (CODE NO. 20)

- 1. Crime, sin and tort
- 2. Classification of crime
  - (1) Indian Penal Code and special and local law offences
  - (2) Cognizable and non-cognizable offences
- 3. Causes of crime Cultural, social, economic, and political
- 4. Offences against person Nature and types
- 5. Offences against property Nature and types
- 6. White collar crimes
- 7. Economic offences
- 8. Environmental crimes Water and air pollution, forest and industries
- 9. Cyber crimes
- 10. Punishment Definition and types
- 11. Police in modern society Importance and organisational structure at state, district and police-station level.
- 12. Central Police Organisations Their functions
- 13. Main police functions: First Information Report, Arrest, search and seizure, investigation of cognizable and non-cognizable offences.
- 14. Recording of statement of victims and other witnesses.
- 15. Evidence: Importance and types as per Indian Evidence Act.
- 16. Policing and Human Rights
- 17. Scence of crime Types, Searching methods of physical evidence, sketching and photography
- 18. Forensic Science History, definition and scope.
- 19. Organisation and functions of Forensic Science Laboratory.
- 20. Organisation and functions of Government Examiner of Questioned Documents, (G.E.Q.D.and S.E.Q.D.)Finger Print

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Bureau, National and State Crime Record Bureau, Directorate of Forensic Science.

- 21. Physical evidence Definition and types, location, collection, preservation, packing and forwarding. Chain of custody of exhibits.
- 22. Identification of person Anthropometric, biometric, and DNA methods
- 23. Application of Forensic Science in the detection of intoxicating agents in motor-vehicle drivers.

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